Work is now being pushed rapidly on the new dormitory, to be called Rendall Hall in honor of two honored bearers of that name, the late Dr. Isaac Norton Rendall, president of the University from 1865 to 1906, and the late Dr. John Ballard Rendall, president from 1906 to 1924.

The architects are Messrs. Guilbert & Betelle, of Newark, N. J., and the supervising engineer is Mr. Alexander J. Taylor, president of the Delaware School Foundation, Wilmington. The contractors are the Yardley Construction Company of Philadelphia. It is expected that the building, which will be modern in every respect, will be under roof before cold weather sets in. It will be of brick with stone trimmings and promises to be both beautiful in design and convenient in arrangement. The basement will be finished to include a store room, trunk room, pressing rooms, with a large central room and several smaller rooms for social and religious purposes. The three upper stories will be for dormitory purposes and will hold about ninety beds.

The cost of the building will be $150,000, all of which has been subscribed. Among the largest donors are the General Education Board, $50,000; the Julius Rosenwald Fund, $50,000; Miss Carline Hazard, $25,000; Mr. Lammot du Pont, $10,000; Mr. J. Frederick Talcott, $5,000; and Mr. Walter L. Johnson, $5,000. Beside these and other generous contributions making up the full amount, Mr. Pierre S. du Pont has donated the services of the architect and supervising engineer, amounting to a gift of 10 per cent of the building's cost.
Obituary

HON. ARCHIBALD H. GRIMKE, '70

From the Baltimore Afro-American we take the following:

"Archibald Henry Grimke, 80, ex-consul to Santo Domingo, the noted race advocate and champion, died early Tuesday night, February 25, 1930, at the home of his brother, the Rev. Francis J. Grimke, 1415 Corcoran Street, N.W., after a long illness. Mr. Grimke was born in Charleston, South Carolina, August 17, 1849.

"He was for ten years one of the ablest and most persistent officers of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, retiring from the presidency of the Washington Branch about ten years ago.

"He was educated at Lincoln University and Harvard, graduating in law from the latter institution in 1874. In April 1879 he married Miss Sarah E. Stanley, and leaves one daughter, Miss Angela W. Grimke, at one time a teacher in the public schools of Washington.

"From 1883 to 1885 he edited The Hub, a weekly paper in Boston, Massachusetts, and later was a special writer on The Boston Herald and Boston Traveller. He was United States Consul to Santo Domingo from 1894 to 1898. He was president of the American Negro Academy from 1903 to 1916.

"During his most active years he was a member of the Authors Club of London, England; American Social Science Association; president of the Frederick Douglass Memorial and Historical Association; treasurer of the Committee of Twelve for the Advancement of the Interests of the Colored Race; and in 1891 wrote the Life of William Lloyd Garrison; and in 1892 the Life of Charles Sumner.

"He was awarded the Spingard Medal for special achievement in 1919."

Mr. Grimke's brother, Rev. Francis J. Grimke, D.D., '70, pastor of the Fifteenth Street Presbyterian Church, Washington, has written a touching and eloquent tribute to his brother, in which he is described as a man of unblemished character, splendid courage, large common sense, with notable intellectual and literary gifts.

"Years ago, while a student at Lincoln University, he made a public profession of faith in Jesus Christ, and so exemplary were his religious character and conduct, that though he was a very young man, he was elected as ruling elder in the Ashmun Church of the University, and continued to serve as such until his graduation.

"In nothing was the strong character of the man shown more than during the months that he lay helpless upon his sick bed. The race has not produced many leaders of the stamp of Archibald H. Grimke—highminded, fearless, steadfast, uncompromising, asking no quarter and giving none in defense of the rights of the race, always ready and willing to serve, and with no thought of compensation. It is that kind of leadership that the race needs and must have if it is to go forward in the great struggle in which it is engaged in this country."

-
Dr. George Cleveland Hall, '86

Frequently spoken of as the leading citizen of his race in Chicago, mentioned in the "Negro Year Book" as one of three surgeons who had achieved a national reputation, and chosen as the most suitable orator to represent his race at the dedication of the Booker T. Washington monument at Tuskegee Institute, Dr. George Cleveland Hall, '86, who died at his home in Chicago on June 17, 1930, after an illness of several months, was an example of a man of rare and outstanding abilities which were unselfishly devoted to the welfare of humanity.

For some months before his death Dr. Hall threw himself with untiring energy into the campaign for a great Medical Center in Chicago in connection with the Provident Hospital, of which he was one of the founders and was for many years chief of the surgical staff.

Through the co-operation of Chicago's leading citizens of both races and munificent gifts from John D. Rockefeller, Jr., Julius Rosenwald and the Hubert Estate, Dr. Hall lived to see the campaign for $3,000,000 successfully completed, and an enterprise for the training of physicians and nurses started which points the way for institutions in other cities and promises to be of lasting influence upon the health and progress of the race. At Dr. Hall's funeral in Grace Presbyterian Church, of which he was a leading member and trustee, there was a great outpouring of people of all classes, testifying to the impress he had made upon the life of the community and the affection of the multitude of people he had helped in his professional and civic life. The pulpit and entire front of the church were banked with flowers, the names of the donors occupying half a column in the newspapers. The services were led by the pastor of the church, a fellow Lincoln alumnus, Rev. Moses H. Jackson, D.D., '85, who chose for the text of his eulogy the words in II Samuel iii, 38, "Know ye not that there is a prince and a great man fallen this day in Israel?" President Wm. Hallock Johnson was one of the speakers describing Dr. Hall as a man of great mind, great will-power, great gifts of expression and great heart, and telling of his notable services to Lincoln University as an alumnus and for the past year as a member of the board of trustees. In his will Dr. Hall left a substantial legacy to his Alma Mater in the form of an apartment house, the income from which is available for his widow during her lifetime.

The following biographical sketch is taken from the "Chicago Defender" and the "Chicago Whip":

Dr. George Cleveland Hall was born in 1864 in Ypsilanti, Mich., and received his early education in the public schools of that town. In 1882 he matriculated in Lincoln University of Pennsylvania, from which he graduated in 1886 with the highest honors of his class. His medical education was received at Bennet College, of this city, which has now been discontinued.

As a young medical school graduate, Dr. Hall selected Chicago as the field of his
endeavor and his accomplishments in the realms of the Negro in Chicago. He was one of the first attending physicians and surgeons at the Provident Hospital and Training School, where he performed some of the most difficult operations. The medical profession of both races regarded him as an authority on the treatment of tuberculosis and asthma.

His reputation as a surgeon extended throughout the entire country and frequently he was called to other sections to perform operations and to conduct clinics, and he was also a teacher of surgery in the Chicago Medical College. He was an expert on diagnosis.

HEAD OF PROVIDENT

For years he has served as chief of staff of the Provident Hospital, during which time some of the most prominent physicians and surgeons of the present day profited by his instruction, advice and example and an indication of appreciation of his interest in their development many have paid tribute to him and Dr. Henry Bryant, of Birmingham, Ala., established a hospital which he designated as the George Cleveland Hall Hospital, which will stand as a memorial to the eminent Chicagoan in Birmingham.

Rivaling his professional career was his activity in the civic and educational development of the city. From the beginning of his public life, Dr. Hall has taken an interest in the progress and welfare of his people. As a graduate and later as a member of the board of trustees of Lincoln University, he was always active in soliciting and contributing funds for the University, bearing the distinction of securing the largest single gift in the recent campaign which netted more than a half million dollars. He did not confine his interest to his Alma Mater, but manifested the same interest in the development of other institutions, taking a leading part in the drives conducted by Tuskegee and Hampton Institute, Meharry Medical College and Fisk University.

He fathered the idea of a Greater Provident Hospital, and made it a reality by interesting men of wealth of both races in the project. Sunday at his home he told his attending physician, Dr. Homer Cooper, that his fondest dream had been realized, and that he was ready for the end.

He was a personal friend of the late Booker T. Washington, who frequently sought his advice, and in 1923 when the Booker T. Washington Memorial was unveiled, Dr. Hall represented the Negro race on the program, along with the late Dr. Wallace Buttrick, who represented the northern white people, and Josephus Daniels, former Secretary of Navy, who represented the white South.

The same degree of confidence and friendship was placed in him by Dr. Robert R. Moton, the present head of Tuskegee Institute.

As a leader in civic circles, Dr. George Cleveland Hall was an outstanding figure. He was one of four to whom ex-Gov. Lowden turned following the Chicago riot, to investigate conditions and to suggest a suitable program which would bring about amicable relationship between the races. He took an active part in the Y. M. C. A., The National Urban League, of which he was a Vice-President, the Municipal Voters League and other civic bodies interested in the development of Chicago. During the administration of the late Mayor William E. Dever, a Democrat, Dr. George Cleveland Hall, a Republican, was appointed a member of The Chicago Library Board, being the first Negro to hold such a position.

While his death has been predicted for several weeks, the news was a distinct shock to the community, and thousands will bow in reverential sorrow at his funeral bier Friday, in respect to the man who blazed the trail in so many directions and who was a benefactor to a great number.

Dr. Hall is survived by his widow, Mrs. Theodosia Hall, a daughter, Hortense, and a sister, Mrs. Blanche Hancock.

He held honorary degrees of A.M. and LL.D. from Lincoln University and D.Sc. from Howard University, and was a member of the Alpha Phi Alpha fraternity, the Masons and the Appomattox Club.

Tributes to Dr. Hall and His Work

From the Chicago Daily News:

Dr. George Cleveland Hall, who died yesterday, was one of Chicago's most valuable citizens. A survey of the work on behalf of this community performed by him during the many years which he devoted to the service of his race and of the Chicago public shows at once his great usefulness and his high ideals of citizenship.

From the Chicago Herald and Examiner:

Dr. George C. Hall, Negro leader, as surgeon-in-chief and trustee of the Provident Hospital, was a leader in the successful effort to establish the hospital as a national health center.

Dr. Hall was a splendid citizen, a leader of his race. It would be an exaggeration to call him a martyr to his cause. But it would be an ingratitude not to note espe-
cially, and with high praise, his service to the people of Chicago.

From the Chicago Whip:

Dr. George Cleveland Hall is dead. He was one of the most remarkable men that this nation has produced. His loss is a terrific shock to the community that could ill afford to lose him. His loss will be almost irreparable.

But his influence extended far beyond the scope of his chosen work. He was a civic leader. He was a community builder. He was a national inspiration to the youth of his race.

From the Chicago Defender:

Dr. George Cleveland Hall is gone, but the deeds which he performed, the great monuments which he caused to be erected to honesty, faithfulness, integrity and leadership will remain with us to stand out more and more prominently against the ravages of time! Not only Chicago, but the world loses, loses heavily by his passing!

Although the things for which Dr. Hall gave so much of his time and finally his life should speak eloquently for him, there is one definite way in which we can show our appreciation for what he has done, and that is by changing the name of Provident Hospital to the GEORGE CLEVELAND HALL MEMORIAL HOSPITAL.

Dr. Hall nursed Provident hospital through its infancy, through its illnesses, and now that it begins to be strong and healthy, its greatest friend and ally falls by the wayside—spent, exhausted. He can go on no further in life, but his works shall always be known to man and his name should be a byword. Therefore, the hospital—his hospital—should bear his name.

Let it not be said that the good which Dr. Hall did has been “buried with his bones.” Let it not be said that we can forget his sacrifices and his struggles for us! Let us not be ungrateful!

Eugene Kinckle Jones in Opportunity, New York:

George Cleveland Hall of Chicago, physician, speaker of note, humanitarian, is no more. His death is a loss to the cause of interracial understanding and Negro racial progress.

In his passing the many good and just causes he espoused have lost a real friend and a stalwart champion. His life has proved a blessing to mankind. We pay tribute to the memory of a great physician, a courageous leader of men, a devoted worshipper of truth and justice.

Richard Armytage in the Chicago Defender:

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Campus News

Professor Arthur E. James resumes his teaching in the department of chemistry this fall after a year of post-graduate study in Cornell University under a fellowship granted by the General Education Board.

Professor George C. Wright, son of Professor Walter L. Wright, will take up his duties as assistant professor of modern languages in September. Professor Wright has been teaching Spanish for two years at the University of Alabama and has been spending the summer in France.

Dean George Johnson has returned from a trip to England where he attended the International Congress of Philosophy at Oxford. Professor Samuel C. Hodge also spent several weeks in England and Scotland.

Arrangements have been completed for a debate between a team of students from Scottish universities and the debating team of Lincoln University, to be held in the St. James Presbyterian Church, St. Nicholas Avenue and 141st Street, New York, on Thursday evening, November 20.

Lincoln University has received a bequest of $10,000 from the will of the late Professor Theodore W. Hunt, of Princeton, N. J.

Rev. Wm. Lloyd Imes, D.D., pastor of St. James Presbyterian Church, New York, will be the university preacher on Sunday, October 19.

The pamphlet, “Four Lincoln University Poets” (Lincoln University Herald, March, 1930) giving examples of the undergraduate work of Waring Cuney, ex-'27; William Allyn Hill, '29; Edward Silvera, '28, and Langston Hughes, '29, has received wide and favorable notice in letters and in the press. Copies may still be had (for 25 cents) by addressing the College Office.
Dr. Moses H. Jackson, '85, Closes Notable Pastorate

(From The Presbyterian, Philadelphia)

On November 4, Chicago Presbytery dissolved a most unusual pastorate within its bounds, or perhaps in any other presbytery, the pastorate of Rev. Moses H. Jackson, D.D.

His life began away back in the days of slavery near Fredericksburg, Virginia. He remembers enough about the Civil War and his being a servant boy to an officer in the Union Army to believe that he was born about 1854.

After peace was established in the days of the great Lincoln, this young lad sensed the possibilities which had come to his race, and found his way to Lincoln University, where he stayed until he had finished the preparatory, then the college and then the theological requirements for graduation.

He was licensed by the Presbytery of Baltimore in 1887. His first work was with the Madison Street church of Baltimore. In 1888 he came to Chicago.

He accepted the charge of a mission among his own people on the South Side of the city, and in April, 1889, he was ordained by the presbytery in a store building at 3233 South State Street, where was organized the Grace church. He was at that time installed as pastor of this new church and from that day to this, he has been its only pastor, and the church his only pastorate. Forty-one years have seen many moves in location.

It was Dr. Jackson's wish that he might be Honorary Retired and live among his people and with his children, two of whom are school teachers, one a doctor of medicine, one daughter with a home of her own, but the congregation came up to presbytery and asked that this man who had been a pastor through more than one generation should be made pastor-emeritus. It was so ordered. So he will abide with those who have so long been his people.

“Not Without Laughter”

By LANGSTON HUGHES, '29

Langston Hughes, '29, who while still under thirty has won for himself by his poems a distinct place in our national letters, has published his first novel, “Not Without Laughter” (New York: Alfred A. Knopf), now receiving wide notice in the literary journals. The novel, whose skill in character painting suggests comparison with Booth Tarkington, was written during two summer vacations spent on the campus at Lincoln University. We content ourselves at present with quoting an appreciative notice in the Philadelphia Public Ledger.

Old Hager Williams has raised three daughters. Tempy, rich and aristocratic by virtue of her marriage to a mail clerk, is ashamed of her old mother, who has spent forty years at the laundry tub; Annjee, wedded to good-for-nothing guitar-strumming Jimboy, cooks for the white folks to buy silk shirts for Jimboy and to send young Sandy to school; Harriet, pretty, life-loving sprite of joy, who rebels at life's unfairness to her race, runs off to sing and dance at carnivals. Old Hager's only consolations are her religion and her grandson, whom she destines as a leader of the Negro folk. Such lends the atmosphere of Langdon Hughes' remarkable first novel.

Not only does the author show decided skill in choice of incident but also in his vividness of word-choosing and, above all, in his employment of restraint. The pathos, the crude brutality, the blind and tireless struggle of his people are told with close fidelity. Sandy's young rebellion against old Hager's doctrine of renunciation and his acceptance of his parents' inability to win a place in life are autobiographic in detail, though there is nothing in Mr. Hughes' history to indicate an autobiographic basis for his work. He calls his volume “Not Without Laughter,” but it leaves his reader not without tears. Mr. Hughes has proved his skill at character portrayal and at prose as completely as he has already proved his skill at verse. “Not Without Laughter” will rank among the most outstanding volumes of the season.
Lincoln University Commencement
Sixty-two Graduates; Addresses by Dr. Will W. Alexander, Dr. Joseph W. Holley, Dr. Caroline Hazard and Congressman DePriest; New Dormitory to be Erected

Features of the commencement at Lincoln University, Pa., on June 3rd were a large and representative audience that filled Livingstone Hall, a graduating class of 62 young men, addresses by Dr. Will W. Alexander, director of the Commission on Interracial Co-operation, and Dr. Joseph Holley, '00, president of the Georgia Normal and Agricultural College of Albany, Ga., and the presence among other visitors of Dr. Caroline Hazard, former president of Wellesley College, and of Honorable Oscar DePriest, Congressman from Chicago, both of whom also made brief addresses. President Wm. Hallock Johnson in the name of the trustees conferred the degree of Bachelor of Arts upon the graduates, also the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity upon Rev. John Harris Dwelle, '98, pastor of the North Penn Baptist Church of Philadelphia, and president of the Pennsylvania State Baptist Convention. It was announced that a new dormitory for about one hundred men would be erected this summer.

Dr. Alexander, introduced by President Johnson as one who had “loved white men and colored men into brotherhood,” in an impressive way told of the life of Albert Schweitzer, who after winning distinction in the fields of theology and philosophy and becoming well known as an organist and interpreter of the music of Bach, studied medicine and went as a medical missionary to a remote district of Africa. Dr. Alexander’s advice to the graduates was to keep their individuality and not be afraid of sacrifice, and to avoid the type illustrated by Henry Ford who “turns ’em out so they’ll all run and rattle, and all be alike.”

Dr. Holley gave an interesting account of the growth of his school at Albany, and alluded to the encourage-
Lincoln University: The Story of its Founding


Dr. Dickey, as here described, was a commanding figure in his personality and character. He was in a sense the brains, the business leader and the conscience of his community at Oxford. Dr. A. A. Hodge, at one time a neighboring pastor, speaks of him as "the only absolute monarch I have ever known. He was the king of this whole country." The great achievement of Dr. Dickey's life was the founding of Lincoln University which is his worthy and lasting monument.

Three events in Dr. Dickey's life led him to conceive and carry out the purpose to start a school for the education of colored youth. He was helping to ordain a white young man for missionary work in Africa ("ordaining him to death," as he said) when the vision came to him of a school for the training of Negro young men who could carry the light of the Gospel to the needy of their own race both in America and in Africa. Before this Dr. Dickey had risked his personal safety in rescuing a free colored woman who had been kidnapped and taken to Baltimore to be sold as a slave. At the same time a young colored minister, James R. Amos, walking from West Chester to Oxford once a week to recite to Dr. Dickey the lessons he had learned, furnished another argument for the opening of a school where such men would be welcomed.

In 1853, Dr. Dickey preached an eloquent sermon from the text, "Ethiopia shall soon stretch out her hands unto God," closing with the words: "A race enlightened in the knowledge of God will eventually be free. Kindle the lamp of religious knowledge, it will surely light them to an elevated position among the people of the earth." Then the General Assembly approved of the plan for the establishment of a school for the Christian training of colored youth. In 1854, the Legislature of Pennsylvania granted a charter for Ashmun Institute, named after Jehudi Ashmun, the reorganizer of the colony of Liberia. In 1866 the name was changed to Lincoln University, which was thus the pioneer institution in the world for higher education of the Negro.

Dr. Dickey, who had mortgaged his home that the University might be started and had advanced $1,000 a year for twenty years to maintain it, soon found a kindred spirit in a young minister of central Pennsylvania who came to take up the presidency of Ashmun Institute just as President Lincoln was assassinated. Dr. Isaac N. Rendall, who, because of his courtly manners was called "the Chesterfield of the Presbyterian Church," was president of Lincoln University for over forty years, and held before ten student generations as fine an example of Christian manhood as this country has produced. Dr. Rendall was assisted by his distinguished nephew and successor, Dr. John B. Rendall, whose service to the institution till his death in 1924 extended over half a century.

Dr. R. Baxter McRary, '85, of Baltimore, president of the Alumni Association, writes of the Life of Dr. Dickey: "The Book is thrilling to me and will be to every Lincoln man. I hope every man of us will have access to and study the whole volume." The book can be obtained at the reduced price of one dollar by applying to The College Office, Lincoln University, Pa.
Dr. Paul A. Collins, '08, Honored

The following correspondence tells of the distinguished honor that has recently come to Dr. Paul A. Collins, '08, of New York. Dr. Ralph I. Lloyd, a prominent physician and specialist of Brooklyn, wrote to President Johnson:

"You will be pleased to hear that Dr. Paul Collins has been appointed Ophthalmologist to the Harlem Hospital, one of our large institutions belonging to the city.

"He has been connected with this particular hospital for some time, serving faithfully in the Dispensary and has now reached a position of responsibility and opportunity that is a credit to any professional man. Those of us who have known him for many years and worked with him, know that this honor is well deserved and that he will discharge his duties with credit to all who have had a hand in training him for whatever line of work he might choose to follow. He is so modest that I doubt if you would hear of this from him and it is a pleasure to tell good news."

In reply Dr. Johnson wrote to Dr. Lloyd: "It is a great satisfaction to us at Lincoln University to know that our graduates, as a reward of their ability, character and hard work, are reaching positions of responsibility and honor such as the one to which Dr. Collins has now been appointed. I share your confidence that he will make good in this new position in the most emphatic sense.

"From what Dr. Collins has said to me, I know that the inspiration and encouragement of your friendship and assistance have been a potent factor in his professional success."

Rev. Hugh Watson Rendall, D.D., of Mendham, N. J., son of the late president, Dr. John B. Rendall, has been elected to membership in the Board of Trustees.
Alumni News

Robert S. Taylor, '28, is principal of the Highland Park High School, Seat Pleasant, Maryland.

James M. Montgomery, '07, is a high school teacher in Washington, D. C.

Rev. Thomas E. Montouth, '12, is pastor of the Faith Presbyterian Church, York, Pa.

James H. Ward, '26, is teaching in Jarvis Christian College, Hawkins, Texas. President J. N. Ervin writes in the highest terms of Mr. Ward's work.

Rev. Luther B. Brooks, '16, is pastor of the Central Baptist Church, Charleston, South Carolina.


Rev. A. E. Dyett, '11, has been re-elected as moderator of the Presbytery of the Church of Scotland.

Noah E. Clarke, '01, of Sellman, Maryland, after teaching school for several years, has represented the Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Society of Baltimore. Mr. Clarke has been active in church and community work and in securing better school conditions in the county.

Rev. W. Payne Stanley, '16, rector of the All Saints Episcopal Church in Toledo, Ohio, was selected last winter to attend the College of Preachers at the Cathedral in Washington, being the first Negro priest to be so invited. Rev. Mr. Stanley was organist during his college course, and served in East Africa and India during the World War.

Duncan E. Pope, '24, is a member of the law firm of Buckner & Pope at 111 N. Dearborn St., Chicago, Illinois.

Rev. R. A. Moody, '20, formerly pastor in Grand Rapids, Michigan, was installed as pastor of the Shiloh Baptist Church, Hartford, Conn., in November, 1929.

Hon. Thomas E. Miller, '72, a member from South Carolina of the 51st Congress, accompanied by former Congressman John R. Lynch of Mississippi, visited the floor of the House of Representatives in February last and was introduced to the House by Hon. Oscar DePriest of Illinois. Dr. Miller served in both the Senate and House of Representatives from South Carolina and later was President of the State College at Orangeburg, S. C.

Rev. John Milton Waldron, D.D., '86, for twenty-three years pastor of the Shiloh Baptist Church, Washington, D. C., has resigned his pastorate to take up work in a new field.

Rev. Daniel G. Hill, Jr., D.D., '17, is pastor of the large Bethel A. M. E. Church, Portland, Oregon. Dr. Hill, during the war, served overseas as a 2nd Lieutenant of infantry of the 92nd Division. He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from the Iliff School of Denver for graduate work. He was recently appointed voluntary probation officer in the court of domestic relations in Portland. In his letter informing Dr. Hill of his appointment, Judge Clarence Gilbert said:

"Shortly after assuming my duties as judge of the circuit court I became acquainted with you. In every case, when any colored child was either delinquent or dependent, I have felt free to call upon you for assistance. You have always promptly and cheerfully responded, and I am pleased to say that your efforts have been invaluable to the court and to the community. I appreciate your efforts far beyond anything I can express, and I wish I had the means of causing the public of the city to realize in some measure the valuable work you have been doing.

"I am hoping that we may continue to have your help in this work and,
believing that it will be of some assistance to you, I now advise you that I have appointed you, and do hereby appoint you, as voluntary probation officer of this court. This is the first appointment of its kind that I have made since assuming my present position. It is certainly a great pleasure to me to make you the first appointee to this position."

For the past months Dr. Hill's services have been broadcast regularly each Sunday over radio station KXL. Dr. Hill's father, Rev. Daniel G. Hill, '86, is presiding elder of the Hagerstown District of the Baltimore A. M. E. Conference.

On Sunday, June 8, Dr. Hill made the address before the Christian Associations at President Hoover's boyhood school, Pacific College, Newberg, Oregon.

Jubilee Services at the fiftieth anniversary of the Grace Presbyterian Church, Baltimore, of which Rev. John T. Colbert, D.D., '01, has been pastor since 1917, were held in May last. Dean George Johnson was the preacher at the closing service.

The opening of the new Fairmount Heights Presbyterian Church, Washington, D.C., of which Rev. H. W. B. Campbell, '03, is pastor, took place on July 6. Rev. John W. Lee, D.D., '94, of Philadelphia, was one of the speakers.

Rev. F. Rivers Barnwell, '08, of Fort Worth, Texas, has been doing an important work as lecturer of the Texas Public Health Association, Austin, and as director of Negro Health Week conducted annually by the association.

Among those who are active in the public life of New York City are Hon. John C. Hawkins, '03, City Alderman, and Hon. Lamar Perkins, '18, State Assemblyman, both from the Harlem district. Mr. Hawkins was commended in the New York Times as the only alderman who voted against an increase of salary for the mayor and other officials. Mr. Perkins has been active in a crusade for lower rents in Harlem.

Harry W. Greene, '17, who has been Dean of Prairie View College, Texas, has accepted the position of Director of Research and Teacher Training at West Virginia State College, Institute, W. Va. He succeeds Joseph St. Clair Price, '12, who has done notable work in this position and has now gone to a chair in Fisk University. J. Henry Alston, '17, has been Assistant Dean at Prairie View College and will be Acting Dean during the present year.

Howard D. Gregg, '16, assistant professor of education at Howard University, was rated among the first three eligibles in a recent civil service examination for specialist in Negro education in the U. S. Bureau of Education.

Football Schedule, 1930

Sept. 27.—Annapolis.
Oct. 4.—North Carolina College, at Durham, N. C.
Oct. 11.—Virginia Union University at Richmond, Va.
Oct. 25.—Morgan College at Baltimore.
Nov. 1.—Hampton Institute at Yankee Stadium, New York City.
Nov. 8.—St. Paul's School at Lincoln University.
Nov. 15.—Johnson C. Smith University at Charlotte, N. C.
Nov. 27.—Howard University at Washington.

William C. Paul, '28, of Haddonfield, N. J., was married on August 23rd to Miss Lucille E. Walton of Magnolia, N. J.